The Bombay Gazette

10,422—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1882.

SHIPPING.

BRINDISI MAIL SERVICE.

UNTIL further notice the MAIL STEAMERS will proceed via Canal direct from PORT SAID to BRINDISI.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent.

Bombay, 11th July, 1882.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Tuesday.
— MALWA.....	2959	500	R. Harvey	8th Aug.
L. SUTLEJ	4100	750	A. H. Johnson	15th ,,
— BOKHARA ...	2932	500	H. Weigheil	22nd ,,
L. MIRZAPORE ...	3007	600	C. G. Perrins	29th ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi. both ways.	Via Brindisi. one way.	Via London. both ways.
First Class .. Rs.	950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class. Rs.	500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class .. Rs.	1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class. Rs.	600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1882.
GANGES.....	4100	750	W. B. Andrews ..	11th Aug.
DECCAN	3429	600	J. H. Chapman ...	25th ,,
KASHGAR	2671	450	R. G. Murray	8th Sept.
CATHAY	2983	500	W M. Robbie	22nd ,,

Return Tickets are now issued to	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

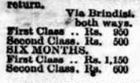
Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, July 28, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES

(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)



THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA on the 20th and BOMBAY on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class .. Rs. 500 } Including		I Class .. Rs. 520 } Including	
II do..... 340 } wines,		II do. .... 350 } wines,	
III do..... 150 } With food.		III do. .... 155 } With food.	

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

CHINA on Friday, 1st September, 1882.
ABISSINIA, on Sunday, 1st October, 1882.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 17 days.

From Genoa..1 Class Calais Route.	Rs 95	Brighton Route	Rs 80
,, ..II do. do.	.. 70	do.	.. 58
From Naples..I do. do.	.. 145	do.	.. 130
,, ..II do. do.	.. 105	do.	.. 93

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, July 3, 1882.

YARN DYED KHAKI DRILL.

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, Limited, Cawnpore, have a large stock of the above, in qualities and shades as approved for the clothing of European and Native Troops. Samples and prices furnished on application to

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY, Ld.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that in September next TENDERS will be invited for the CONSTRUCTION of a LINE of RAILWAY between HONPETT and HUBLI, a distance of about 90 miles. Drawings and bills of quantities will then be ready.

G. M. STEWART, Agent,
Southern Mahratta Railway Company.

Poona, 24th June, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SALE of STOCK NOTES to the public will COMMENCE on the 1st AUGUST, 1882, at all Government District Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in the Bombay Presidency and the Central Provinces. The Notes are issued under the conditions specified in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 1138 of 8th March, 1882. Interest will be payable annually, on production of the note with coupons attached, at any of the said Treasuries or Sub-Treasuries, and Notes of lower will be EXCHANGED for Notes of higher denominations, or new Notes will be issued, under the precautions, in the place of Notes lost or destroyed, on application at the Treasuries. No Notes will be sold or interest paid in the city of Bombay.

A. COTTERELL TUPP, B. C. S.,
Accountant-General.

NOTICE

WASTE LANDS AVAILABLE FOR PLANTERS IN THE TAVOY DISTRICT.

WASTE LANDS, covered at present with forest, bamboos, or grass, are available for plantations of coffee, tea, cinchona, or spices at altitudes varying from 100 feet to 6,800 feet above the sea in the Tavoy district. This region is between the 13th and 14th parallels of north latitude, and the rainfall ranges from 100 to 220 inches a year. The lands are mostly within 30 to 50 miles of the steamer station of Thayetchoung on the Tavoy river. Mail steamers ply between Thayetchoung and Moulmein or Rangoon once a week inwards and outwards.

II.—Grants of land in lots ranging from 100 to 1,200 acres can be had for planting tea, coffee, cinchona, or spices on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Tavoy. Such grants will be made in accordance with the "Burma Land and Revenue Act, 1876," and with the rules sanctioned thereunder by the Governor-General of India in Council. Copies of the Act and rules can be obtained by intending planters on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Tavoy, the Commissioner of Tenasserim at Moulmein, or the Secretariat, Rangoon.

III.—In addition to the concessions and conditions laid down in the Act and rules, the following special concessions will be made to persons taking up land for plantations of coffee, tea, cinchona, or spices, in Tavoy, namely.—

(i) A grantee must bring under cultivation one-third of his grant within 12 years from the date of his obtaining the grant. If, after the expiration of 12 years, any surplus uncultivated land, in excess of two acres of waste for each acre of cultivated land, shall remain on the grant, such surplus waste shall then revert to Government; and the grantee shall have no further claim or right in the surplus which has so reverted.

(2) A grantee will not be liable to pay any land revenue or any price for the land of his grant until the end of the tenth year after he enters on possession, provided that he takes *bond fide* steps to cultivate a reasonable proportion of the grant with coffee, tea, cinchona, or spices. In the event of any grantee desiring a more precise definition of a "reasonable proportion," the Chief Commissioner may decide beforehand in each case what proportion of the grant ought to be thus cultivated in each year.

(3) After the end of the tenth year the grantee will be liable to pay land revenue at the rate of Rs. 1-4-0 per acre and cesses at the rate of two annas per acre on one-third of his grant up to the year 1900 A. D.; after the expiration of such year he will be liable to pay for one-third of his grant the same revenue rate as is paid for garden lands in the nearest revenue circle where a garden rate obtains.

(4) A grantee will not be called upon to pay anything for timber, bamboos, or grass which he may cut upon his grant, provided he takes *bond fide* steps as aforesaid to cultivate coffee, tea, cinchona, or spices.

IV.—The only payment which a grantee will have to make on receiving his grant will be eight annas an acre for the cost of survey and demarcation. In consideration of such payment the Deputy Commissioner will cause a survey to be made of the grant, will furnish the grantee with a copy of such survey, and will cause boundary marks to be erected at suitable points in the outer boundary of the grant.

V.—The wishes of applicants will be met, as far as possible, in regard to the situation and shape of their grants. But ordinarily—

(a) no grant will be given where the Forest Department intend to make a forest reserve;

(b) no grant will be given on such a place as will unduly circumscribe the extension of cultivation of the grazing-grounds of any neighbouring village or hamlet;

(c) grants facing a road or navigable stream will have to be of a depth double the length facing such road or navigable stream;

(d) small strips will be reserved leading to landing places for the benefit of neighbouring villages and grantees.

VI.—The Government is now spending much larger sums than heretofore on roads in the Tavoy district. If planters settle in the district, further funds will be allotted for roads from their neighbourhood to the steamer station at either Tavoy or Thayetchoung.

VII.—In order to encourage pioneers in the coffee and cinchona enterprise in Tavoy, the Government will pay to the first four grantees who begin *bond fide* planting operations Rs. 15 per head for every Indian or Chinese coolie employed for the first year of age, who may be certified to be housed on their plantations before the 1st March 1883.

VIII.—In any case of doubt regarding the *bond fide* character of operations for the purposes of concessions III and VII, the Deputy Commissioner will decide, and his decision will be subject to appeal to the Commissioner of Tenasserim, whose decision will be final.

IX.—All minerals and metals under and within the lands granted under these rules are reserved by Government, with the right to enter upon and resume such portion of land as may be necessary for examining or working mines on payment of just compensation for surface damage.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on THURSDAY, 3rd August, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 2nd August, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,080 Tons, on 6th August, 1882, at 4 p.m.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 28th July, 1882. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ASHANTEE HAMMOCKS ON SALE

BY

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

BEST MOCHA COFFEE,

ROASTED and ground by a first-rate London Roaster, in hermetically sealed tins of 1lb. each

Cash, Re. 1-2.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld

TREACHER'S FAMOUS BLENDED GLENLIVET WHISKY

HAS been before the public of India for many years and in every quality, for which SCOTCH WHISKY is celebrated, stands without a rival.

Cash per dozen, case Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

Issued This Day

BY

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED,

A Revised Illustrated List of

CHEMICAL

AND

MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS,

SOAPS, PERFUMES,

MEDICINE CHESTS,

PATENT MEDICINES, &c.,

AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Comprising 160 pages, this Catalogue forms the most complete list of Pharmacy Stock published in India.

15th June, 1882.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES

RICH IN NITROGEN AND PHOSPHATES.

MELLIN'S FOOD

FOR

INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

A SOLUBLE EXTRACT OF CEREALS.
NON-FARINACEOUS.

WHEN dissolved in cow's milk and water it constitutes a PERFECT FOOD, capable of sustaining life and developing robust constitution.

	Cash.
Small Bottles .....Re.	0 14
Large Bottles ..... ,,	1 8

Fresh consignments at short intervals are imported

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER

BY

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ABEL'S PETROLEUM TESTING APPARATUS

AS described in the Petroleum Act of 1881. Complete in case.

Rs. 90.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE CHEMISTS

AND

MANUFACTURERS,

SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.

(Prize Medal 1873.)

WHOLESALE PRICE LIST FURNISHED ON RECEIPT OF CARD.

GENERAL PRICE LIST IN THE PRESS.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

EQUATORIAL HAIR-DOUCHE.

IMPARTS unspeakable comfort and a sense of refinement to the Toilet, refreshes the Brain, and counteracts the depressing influences of Hot Weather.

Bottle Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.

A PURE EXTRACT of the Flesh and Bones, carefully freed from Fat. Dissolved in hot water, it forms a most nutritious food for invalids or Infants. It is frequently, in emergencies like Sea sickness, the only food patients can bear.

Per Jar Rs. 2.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

PRIVATE THEATRICALS.

Rouge de Theatre, best .....Rs.	1 0
Blanc de Theatre, do. ..... ,,	1 8
Etuit Mysterieux, containing Rouge, Blanc, two Puffs, and a Pinceau Noir ..... ,,	2 0
Pear's Bloom of Roses ..... ,,	1 0
Atkinson's Blanc de Perle ..... ,,	2 0
Saunders' Face Powder ..... ,,	0 12

Elegant Puff Boxes and Puffs extra size of all Patterns.

Kemp's Violet Powder is superior to every other, 1 lb. tins .....Rs. 1 0
Do. do. do. ½ lb. ..... ,, 0 10

A great variety of Toilet Requisites of all kinds.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LATEST TESTIMONIALS ON MAJU AND CO.'S TEAS.

THE PRESIDENT MESS COMMITTEE, 5th N. Light Infy., has much pleasure in testifying to the EXCELLENT QUALITY of the TEA supplied to the Mess by Messrs. MAJU & CO. of Bombay.—Deesa, 19th June, 1882.

From SURGEON-MAJOR S. O'B. BANKS, F.R.C.S., I.M.D.

Dear Sir,—I consider your TEA EXCELLENT.—22nd June, 1882.

From a POLITICAL OFFICER of the Bo. S. C.

I have dealt with Messrs. MAJU & Co. for TWO YEARS. The Tea with which they have supplied me has always been of a VERY GOOD QUALITY and SUPERIOR to any that I have obtained from OTHER DEALERS in India.—25th June, 1882.

From a WELL-KNOWN PROFESSIONAL.

Dear Sir,—Your Orange Pekoe is a VERY FINE FLAVOURED TEA.—27th June, 1882.

MAJU & CO.'S TEA EMPORIUM, the *largest, best* and *cheapest* in India, has JUST BEEN REPLENISHED with a choice selection of Teas of the SPRING CROP from the best Plantation (*Colonel Hawes' Monsimbul Estate*) in Kangra Valley. These unequelled Teas in AROMA, FLAVOUR and QUALITY are INFINITELY SUPERIOR to those of FOREGONE SEASONS. They are supplied to MESSES, CLUBS, &c., and to MEMBERS of CIVIL and MILITARY SERVICES all over India. Upwards of 15,000 lbs. of CHOICEST TEAS in stock. Sold in 1 lb. patent tin canisters. NONE GENUINE WITHOUT TRADE-MARK ON LABELS. Price Lists sent free on applying to

M. H. MAJU & CO.,
22, CHURCH-GATE-STREET,
BOMBAY.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS

BY

TO-DAY'S OVERLAND MAIL.

Bird O'Freedom.
Engineer.
Engineering.
English Mechanic.
Field.
Fun.
Funny Folks.
Home and Colonial Mail.
Hone News.
Illustrated London News.
Illustrated Penny Paper.
Illustrated Police News.
Illustrated Sport & Dram.
Judy.
Land and Water.
Life.
Overland Mail.
Pall Mall.
Pictorial World.
Public Opinion.
Queen.
Reynolds' Weekly News.
Saturday Review.
Sporting Life.
Sporting Times.
Standard.
St. James's Budget.
[News.
Truth.

COOPER AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY : Meadow-street. POONA : East-street.

POONA SEASON.

VISITORS

TO POONA

DURING the Season will oblige us by calling at our Branch Establishment

FOR

BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

NEWSPAPERS & PERIODICALS, &c.,

Of which we keep a large and varied Stock.

COOPER AND COMPANY,

BOOKSELLERS AND NEWSAGENTS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

POONA—East-street.

BOMBAY—Meadow-street, Fort.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby NOTIFIED that the undersigned did, on the 1st instant, PAY to Her Majesty's Treasury in Bombay the sum of Rs. 14,600, being the 157th monthly instalment of the Vehar Water Works debt.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 1st Aug., 1882

THE BOMBAY ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING of the BOMBAY ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 8, Church Lane, at 1-30 p.m. (Bombay Time), on WEDNESDAY, the 9th August, 1882, to transact the following business :—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the Half-year ended 30th June, 1882.
2. To sanction the payment of a Dividend.
3. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By order of the Board,
C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 1st August, 1882. Secretaries and Agents.

NOTICE.

WE the undersigned have this day acquired the good-will of the firm of RAMSAY & Co., and shall continue to carry on the business under the style and title of RAMSAY & Co., in the premises on the ground floor of Messrs. CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s office, No. 7, Rampart-row. A large and choice selection of

WINES AND SPIRITS
of every description,
PROVISIONS AND FANCY GOODS,
TRAVELLERS REQUISITES,
always kept in Stock.

N. B.—We continue to be retail agents for sale of Messrs. Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s well known brands of Wines and Spirits.

ARDESIR DORABJEE & RUTTONJEE DORABJEE.

Bombay, 1st August, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION (with exemplification of Probate of the Will annexed) of the Property and Credits of BURDETT RICHARD POWELL, late of No. 11, Vicarage Gardens, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, a Lieutenant-General in Her Majesty's Indian Army, Bombay Presidency, deceased, who died on the 9th day of January, 1882, has been GRANTED to Mr. HUGH WATSON JONES, the duly constituted Attorney of Osborne Capel Powell, M.D., the sole executor named in the said Will. All persons having claims against the Estate of the said Burdett Richard Powell are required to send in particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned Solicitors to the Administrator at their office in Meadow-street within the Fort of Bombay, within one month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the Administrator will remit the assets in his hands to the executor of the said deceased in England without regard to any claims of which he or his Solicitors shall not then have had notice. All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased or having property in their hands belonging to the Estate are hereby required forthwith to pay such debts and hand over such property to the said Administrator. Dated this 1st day of August, 1882.

PRESCOT AND WINTER,
Solicitors to the Administrator.

MORENAS & CO.

THE ONLY PLACE WHERE GOOD ICES ARE PREPARED.

ICES.

Orders for ICE CREAM, ICE PUDDING or WATER ICES, are executed with care and taste any time from 10 a.m. to 11 p.m. at a moment's notice.

WINES.

30 different kinds. See price list.

SPIRIT.

28 different kinds. Price list free on application.

COMFITS.

25 kinds from Ans. 12 to Rs. 2 per lb.

PASTRY.

EVERY DAY FRESH.

MORENAS & CO.,
ICE CONFECTIONERS,
WINE, SPIRIT AND GENERAL MERCHANTS
15, Meadow-street.

NOTICE is hereby given that VANARSIBAI, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, widow of HANAJEE GOVINDJEE, late of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, deceased, has CONTRACTED to SELL to THUCKER DHARSEY NANJEE, the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim thereto by way of inheritance, sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, at their office in Apollo-street, Fort, within 14 days from this day, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as having been waived.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece of land situate at Vadachee Gady or Bhundarwada-street, within the Island of Bombay and the Registration sub-district of Mandvie, containing by admeasurement square yards or thereabouts, being the southern portion of a large piece of land (the remainder of which said piece of land is not intended to be purchased) containing in all by admeasurement 347 square yards and two-thirds of a square yard or thereabouts and entered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under No. 495, and bearing New Survey No. 2,261, together with the southern compartments on the ground floor of the messuage, tenement, dwelling house and other erections built and standing thereon, fronting towards the west, the said Bhundarwada-street, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under No. 7, which said premises intended to be purchased formerly were and now are in the occupation of the said Vanarsibai, widow, and her tenants, and are bounded on the east by the said Bhundarwada-street, on west by the house of Darko Dhandker, on the north by a passage in the house, and on the south by the house of Ramchund Pandoo and all o her (if any) the hereditaments and appurtenances to which the said Vanarsibai, widow, was declared entitled by the Decree of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, dated the 20th day of April, 1877, and the consent order, dated the 24th day of June, 1878, in Suit No. 606 of 1877.—Dated this 1st day of August, 1882.

HORE, CONROY, & BROWN,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S UNRIVALLED SHERRIES.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

CASH. Per dozen.		CASH. Per dozen.
16 0	..... YELLOW SEAL	16 0
	A light Spanish Wine of fair quality.	
20 0	..... EXTRA DRY PALE	20 0
	A light, natural, unblended Wine.	
22 0	.....PALE DINNER.....	22 0
	An excellent Wine for general use.	
25 0	... . VINO DE PASTO	25 0
	A good, genuine Dinner Wine.	
28 0	.....OLD DRY.....	28 0
	Very superior, soft and dry.	
28 0	..... GOLDEN	28 0
	A rich, nutty flavoured Dessert Wine.	
28 0	..... SUPERIOR FINO	28 0
	Old, pure, delicate, dry.	
28 0	.....MANZANILLA.....	28 0
	Very dry and pale.	
38 0	..... SUPERIOR AMONTILLADO	38 0
	Very old and choice.	

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

SUPERIOR FELT HATS,

NEW SHAPES, EXTRA LIGHT.

Black, Drab or Brown, Extra Light, and Good Colour .....Rs.	7-0,	9-8,	10-8
Special Shapes, suitable for Tall Men ..... ,,	10-8	to	12-8
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Helmets, a large variety of Shapes ..... ,,	10-0	to	18-0
Fancy Pugrees ..... ,,	2-8	to	5-0

CASH, DISCOUNT TWO ANNAS IN THE RUPEE.

HOAR & CO., HATTERS, BOMBAY,
OPPOSITE THE ESPLANADE HOTEL.

THE AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY COMPANY, FALKLAND-ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE above Company has been started in Bombay, and is conducted under European management. We are now prepared to undertake WASHING for Steamers, Hotels and Clubs, at the CHEAP RATE of Rs. 3 per 100 pieces. Special arrangements made with Hotels and Clubs who desire to have their guests' linen washed by us. Any further information can be learned by calling on the MANAGER, or by letter addressed to the AGENT, American Steam Laundry Company.

COURT & CO.,

10 A, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CUTLERY.

"ECONOMICAL" TABLE CUTLERY WITH BALANCE HANDLES.

A new article of Table Cutlery, with imperishable handles, and at a price considerably lower than any first-class Table Cutlery hitherto manufactured. In this Cutlery the Tables and Desserts are in one piece from end to end being throughout of the best steel manufactured; the handles, as far as the shoulders, are thoroughly well plated, and being of solid manufacture there is no risk of SPLITTING, DISCOLOURING, STAINING, OR OF INJURY IN ANY WAY, whilst in facility of cleaning and pleasantness to the touch they stand superior to all other Cutlery.

Table Knives, per doz	.. Rs. 15 0	Game or Poultry Carvers, per pair	.. Rs. 6 0
Meat Carvers, per pair	.. ,, 7 0	Table Steels, each	.. ,, 1 8

"RIVETED" THROUGH, IVORY HANDLED TABLE CUTLERY.

In this Cutlery, the method of securing adopted is very simple but effectual. A rivet is driven into the ivory handle, which passes from side to side, right through the tang of the blade, thus securing the latter against any chance of separation from the ivory handle.

Table Knives, per doz	Rs. 25 0	Meat Carvers (one knife and fork), per pair..	Rs. 7 8
Dessert Knives	,, 20 0		
Game Carvers (one knife and fork) per pair.	,, 7 8	Table Steels, each	.. ,, 2 8

PATENT SECURE IVORY HANDLED TABLE CUTLERY.

Manufactured by the Cutlers to Her Majesty.

In this invention, the *tang* or continuation of the blade, is carried inside quite through *to the end of the handle*, and is there secured *by a screw*. It is impossible for the handle to become separated from the blade, either by the action of heat, or by the effects of being washed in hot water, or from wear and tear. The Sheffield Steel, of which the blades are manufactured, is of the very best quality, and the fine ivory handles are in the most perfect style of manufacture.

Table Knives per doz...	.. Rs. 30 0	Game or Poultry Carvers (one knife and fork)	
Dessert Knives	.. ,, 25 0	per pair	..Rs. 8 0
Meat Carvers (one knife and fork), per pair.	.. ,, 8 0	Table Steels, each	.. ,, 2 4

PRESENTS SUITABLE FOR MESS PRESIDENTS.

One pair Game Carving Knife and Fork, and one pair 10 inch Carving Knife and Fork, with ivory handles, solid silver ferules, and tops of knives and forks mounted with solid silver in velvet lined Morocco case .. ..The set complete, Rs. 70

The same as above with buckhorn handles, complete in velvet lined case .. ..The set complete, Rs. 50

The above cutlery is of the best quality, supplied by Messrs. Harrison Brothers, and Howson, Sheffield.

COURT & CO., 10 A, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. beg to notify the renewal of their stock of the celebrated CAMPAIGN WATCHES, hundreds of which were supplied to the army during the late war in Afghanistan, and for which the most favourable testimonials have been received from every part of India.

Their revised prices are :—

German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch	...Rs. 25
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, extra strong	... ,, 30
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, full jewelled	... ,, 35
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, full jewelled and finest finish	... ,, 40

These watches are not affected by riding and will withstand an immense amount of hard usage.

TWO YEARS' GUARANTEE GIVEN WITH EVERY WATCH.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

BOMBAY, 2, Rampart Row. POONA, 1, East Street.

CHAMPAGNE.

HEIDSIECK & CO.'S

OF ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

DRY MONOPOLE.

THEODOR SATOW & CO., LONDON,—SOLE AGENTS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, INDIA AND THE COLONIES.

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEADOW-STREET.

JUST RECEIVED A SELECT PARCEL OF THE CELEBRATED

JAVA CIGARS,

IN SPLENDID CONDITION,

Possessing the specially distinctive character of the HAVANNA, with its accompanying FLAVOR and BOUQUET, they will recommend themselves, at this season particularly, to smokers desirous of a mild, free, and fragrant Cigar.

	Per 1000.	Per box of 100.
FLOR DE JAVA, "COQUETTAS"	...Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do. "TRABUCOS"	... ,, 35	,, 4 0
Do. "ROYALS"	... ,, 40	,, 4 4

Samples forwarded on application.

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PANCHGANI HIGH SCHOOL,

UNDER GOVERNMENT INSPECTION AND A COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

BRACING HILL CLIMATE.

Separate establishments for Boarding Boys and Girls.

FOR PROSPECTUSES, &C., APPLY TO HEAD MASTER.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

BY SINA.

PRICE ANNAS 8 PER COPY.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES (Genuine).—Hand, Rs. 55; Treadle, Rs. 70; Hand and Treadle, Rs. 75, complete in cases with parts, &c. Covers, Rs. 8 extra. NOTE ADDRESS.—H. A. GEYER and Co., 6, Elphinstone-circle, Bombay.

SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINES.—Loose balance wheel, nickel plated or richly pearled, triple action, not allowing the machine to work on wrong side; innumerable improvements. 2, Church-gate-street, Bombay.

BOGNOR, SUSSEX.—A happy Home for Children with a mother's care. Terms, including Board, English, French, Music, Dancing, Calisthenics and Laundress, fifty guineas per annum. References in India to Parents of Children now in the school. For Prospectus apply to HAMILTON'S HOTEL, Bombay.

FOR SALE, a high-caste silver Arab HORSE, height 14-1½, age six, very fast, quite sound. Apply to Mr. H. A. SUNTOOK, Bellasis-road.

FOR SALE, a chesnut Deccany PONY, 5 years old. Also a chesnut Arab Galloway. Apply to MANAGER, Watson's Hotel, where they can be seen.

EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.—FOR SALE, PORTABLE FIRE ENGINES complete, and ships life boats, cutters, and gigs. Apply to FRASER MILLER, Carnac Iron Works.

FOR SALE, a bay C.-B. PONY, fast to ride and drive. Apply SURGEON HATCH, Malabar Hill.

BOARD AND LODGINGS in a large, cool and airy house. For particulars apply "R.," care of this paper.

BOMBAY HOTEL, Fort, Bake House Lane.—Rooms now available. Terms moderate. Apply on the premises.

DOORS, windows, mouldings, roofs, and bridges, manufactured at Messrs. MUNCHERJEE DORABJEE & Co.'s Timber Works, Tank-bunder.

SIGNOR CARLO DACOSTA from Tuscany (Italy) is prepared to give LESSONS in Italian and French. Terms moderate. 16, Marine-street, Fort.

WANTED, a SALESMAN who has had experience of Indent business.—Apply to EWART LATHAM and Co.

NOOR MAHOMED, 34, Meadow-street, opposite Nanjee Khyraz & Co. Undress Volunteer Uniform, Shoulder Card included, Rs. 5-8 per suit.

INDIA-RUBBER SOLUTION, guaranteed waterproof for repairing bicycle tyres, diving dresses, rain coats, &c., can be had at Re. 1-8 per tin from JOHN ROBERTS & Co.

SUPERFINE CARD-BOARDS, suitable for INVITATION and VISITING CARDS, DRAWING and PICTURE-MOUNTING, can be had at KEUBERG.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1882. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, best RATTAN MATTING, CHAIRS, TIFFIN BASKETS, TUMBLER COOLERS, and COVERS. Apply to WM. WATSON and Co., 28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

"NUTRITIVE POMADE," for nourishing and improving the growth of the Hair, in stoppered bottles, from Re. 1 to Rs. 3 each. Prepared only by BARTON & Co., Church-gate-street.

TO PARENTS and others wishing to put children out to be nursed. Every care taken and comfort provided. Charges moderate. Good testimonials and references. Apply to "E.," care of this paper.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

KANGRA VALLEY TEA.—JEYAICH MIXTURE, Re. 1-2 per lb. Sole Agent, J. PEARSE, 22, Apollo-street, and 23, Rampart-row.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

NOTICE.—Sale of landed property at Walkeshwur advertised to be sold this day by order of L. A. Watkins, Esq., Receiver of the Estate of the late Thucker Ranchordas Meghjee, and on account of the first purchaser, Thucker Soonderjee Jadowjee, is postponed until further notice.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 2nd August, 1882.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT PEER MARKET OR SHAIK ALLY JUNJEEKER STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 2nd August, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Goolam Russool bin Abdool Cadur, and on account and by the rule

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1.

PRIVATE telegrams of yesterday's date are to hand, but up to the time of writing no commercial advices have been received through Reuter. Political telegrams in the meantime are the reverse of encouraging, and a strong feeling is gaining ground here that we may yet see complications of an unpleasant character amongst the European powers. The Egyptian difficulty of itself and the safety of the Canal are comparatively insignificant in the face of what the other possibility might bring forth, and it is no exaggeration to say that the feeling in commercial circles at the moment is more anxious than it has been since the Egyptian question first came into prominence.

In the shape of actual business to-day there has practically been nothing done. Exports are quite at a standstill and must apparently continue so until a change comes over the situation in Europe, whilst imports although firm go but a little way towards making up the deficiency.

EXCHANGE.—The tone of the market has been steady, and for telegraphic 1-32d. better has been obtainable, but with this exception rates have been quite, unchanged. Very few bills have been offering, and transactions altogether have been on a very limited scale. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	..1s. 8d.	per rupee, ready	
Do. do.	..1s. 8 1-32d.	,,	forward.
Do. Telegraphic	..1s. 7 31-32d.	per rupee ready	
Do. do.	..1s. 8d.	,,	forward.
Do. 3 months' sight	..1s. 8¼d.	,,	,,
Credits 3 ,,	,, ..1s. 8¼d.	,,	,,
Francs 3 ,,	,, ..2·13¾	,,	,,

On Calcutta we quote demand at 1-16 per cent. premium, 60 days' sight at 7-16 per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has exhibited extreme weakness to-day. Opening nominally at Rs. 100¼, sellers ¼ less failed to find buyers, and we should call the closing quotation for Fours not better than par. Fours-and-a-half we quote at Rs. 107½ nominal.

SHARES have been quiet but firm. In Banks there is no change to quote, and Press companies are also unaltered. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares continue in request, and in some instances are Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 higher.

COTTON has been quite a blank so far as export business is concerned. We have not heard of a single transaction, and prices nominally are unchanged.

SEEDS AND WHEAT are also nominally unaltered in value, but the tendency in the absence of buyers is weaker.

FREIGHTS remain in the same position as before. Except for the Adriatic ports by the regular liners there is no tonnage offering, and business must remain blocked until it is known for a certainty that Government requirements are satisfied and some additional tonnage arrives.

PIECE-GOODS are steady at previous prices, meanwhile rates in Manchester do not admit of orders going through to any important extent.

COALS continue very firm, and sellers to-day do not seem disposed to go on unless at an advance in prices which buyers as yet decline to pay.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.			Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	7p.ct.	757½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	840 xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	100
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	3 do.	130
National Bank of India	37,333	250	12½	2 do.	24

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,425
Do. (2) & W. Co. Ltd.	2,500	400	400	50	230
Bombay S. & W. Co.	30,000	1,000	100	Rs. 10	144
		100	70	..	102
			400	30 p. a	575
Southern					
Victoria Mills					
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200			Rs. 40	

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	Rs. 50	1,105
Akola Press Co.	85	500	all	..	500
Assert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 p.ct.	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs. 70	1,185
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	40	500
Bellary	625	1,000	1 000	30 p.a.	600
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	Rs. 37½	520
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	1,112½
Colaba Press Co	500	1,889	1,889	50	
Dhollera Press Co	60	300	all	30	220
Dharwar Co	500	1,000	120	15 p.a.	1,215
Fort Gloster Co	300	1,000	8,500	300 p.a.	2,750
French Press Co	300	1,000	45	15 p.a.	600
Sind Press Co	400	1,000	Rs. 35	..	525
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	30 p.a.	357½
New Indian Press	2,400	125	125	Rs. 15	222
Prince of W. Press	120	.....	1,000	25	2,425
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 80	1,250
Swadeshi Press Co	300	0	500	20	560
Volkart's Press Co.	450	00		50	660

LAND COMPANIES.

Freere Land	7,500	150	150	100	8*
Mazagon Land, &c.	1,750	2,000	2,000	..	24
New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,650	2,925	Rs. 30	835
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400	Rs. 5	225

* For distribution.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	3 p. ct	320 xd
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-15-1	do	32
B.B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,010
Do. New £1 Shares.	..	£18	196-5-15	do	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills	00	1,000	1,000	100	425
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	5 p.c	140 / 123½
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,510
Do. New Shares		500	300	...	455
Indian Guarantee & Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.ct.	10
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000		5	..	5
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	1,400	100	100	..	93
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	..	445
Kemp & Co., Ld.	2,000	200	50	..	93
Mechanics' Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	13
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 p.ct.	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	p.a. Rs. 10	1,175
Ripon Gold Mining Co., Ld.	30,000 A	10	6	..	3
Do.	1,000 B	100	100	..	60
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	all	14 p.ct.	120
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	all	Rs. 90	1,000
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	15	201
Wynad Gold Mining Co. Ld.	20,000	25	20	..	5

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Coconada, 547 tons, Captain T. W. Lewins, arrived in harbour on the 31st ultimo from Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Major Gordon, Mr. McCay, Lieut. Govin, Mr. J. Pestonjee and 60 deck passengers :—

ARRIVAL.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	From
31	Coconada (s)	Lewins	Bussorah, July 19.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destination.
1	Nizam (s)	Harvey	London, &c.
	Birmania (s)	Fabeani	Genoa, &c.

The steamer Coconada, to Coast and Calcutta, was entered for loading yesterday.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 1.

FROM GLASGOW.

Galatia (s)—6 drums turpentine, Abdool Cadur Abdool Hoosein ; 100 cases whiskey, Merwanjee Cooverjee and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

...)—5 hogsheads stout, Dajeebhoy Dadabhoy ; 20 ... brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.
...(s)—4 cases bleaching powder, Goolamnuby ...hoy.
...)—31 plates hard spelter, W. and A. Graham ...trates earthenware, Nanjee Canjee.

FROM LONDON.

...)—15 bottles quicksilver, Antoba ...s stationery, Hussunally Abdoolally. ...tionery, Hassonally Peerkhan ; 5 ...hunilall Damodur,

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 1.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Wernecth Hall (s)—60 cwts coir yarn, Purshotum Dewjee ; 3 bales carpets, Cassum Nagoor Meera ; 113 bales hides and skins, Owen and Oxell ; 53 bales cotton, Khatowmull Tolaram ; 107 bales cotton, Lalljee Poonsee and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Nizam (s)—1 case shawls, Sir Charles Forbes and Co ; 1 case shawls, Hajee Safoodin Mohideen ; 21 bundles ivory, Kbram Passini ; 12 bundles ivory, Piarj Khan Mahomed ; 11 bundles ivory, Surrif Durvesh ; 9 bundles ivory, Goolam Hoosein Currimbhoy ; 22 bundles ivory, Walchund Oogurchund.

Wave Queen—100 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Cotherstone (s)—2,000 cwts wheat and 4,500 cwts linseed, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Coconada (s)—199 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmandass; 75 bales cotton, Bhimjee Munjee ; 100 bales cotton, C. Rustomjee Sethna.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Vorwaerts (s)—26 bales wool, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Vorwaerts (s)—50 bales cotton, Shriram Shewdutroy ; 125 bales twist, R. Mahomed ; 25 bales twist, Ebrahim Noordin and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 31ST JULY, 1882.

Means of observations taken half an hour after 6 a. m., 10 a.m., 2 p. m., 4 p. m., and 10 p. m., Madras Time.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·637
Temperature of the Air	79·5
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76·5
Dew Point	75·5
Relative humidity of Air	0·876
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	8·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6¼ p. m.)	83·4
Minimum do. (read at 10¼ a. m.)	76·1
General Direction of Wind	W, WNW, W, WSW, W.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	303
Fall of Rain*	0·37
Total fall during month	26·91
,, ,, year	54·61
Additional fall of rain up to 10-30 a.m. of 1st	0·27

From 12-30 a. m. to 12-30 a. m.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 31.

Gordon, Major, 1st Sind Horse, on leave, from Kurrachee.
Gavin, Lieut., 2nd Sind Horse, on duty, from Jacobabad.

AUGUST 1.

Turnbull, Captain, Transport Dept., on duty, from Jhelum.
Fortescue, Lieut., 17th Lancers, on leave, from Mhow.
Watson, Major, Worcestershire, on leave, from Nussecrabad.
Hayter, Lieut.-Col., Transport Dept., on duty, from Rawul Pindee.
Booth, Lieut., Transport Dept., on duty, from Simla.
Smith, Depy. Surg.-Genl., on duty, from Secundrabad.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 31.

Sartorius, Major, 21st Bombay N. I., on leave, to Simla.

AUGUST 1.

Griffiths, Lieut.-Col., Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
Gibaut, Capt., Wiltshire, on leave, to England.
Marston, Vet. Surg., on duty, to Alexandria.
Fortescue, Lieut., 17th Lancers, on leave, to England.
Gordon, Major, 1st Sind Horse, on leave, to England.
Watson, Major, Worcestershire, on leave, to England.
Mackenzie, Major, 9th Lancers, on leave, to England.
Dickinson, Lieut.-Col., 8th Kings, to join, to Saugor.
Walker, Major, R. A., on duty, to Poona.
Grant, Lieut.-Col., Staff Corps, to join, to Kurrachee.
Douglas, Surg. Major, on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, August 2.

There will be parade in the Town Hall this day (Wednesday), the 2nd inst., at 9 p.m. (Bombay time). All members are requested to attend.

There will be drill for recruits every day until further orders at the Head-Quarters at 6-30 a.m. All recruits are particularly requested to attend to [illegible] to join the ranks at the commencement

M. TENNENT,
Adjt., B. V. R. C.

...OF INDIA ORDERS.

...July 29.)

...AL, FOR RAJPUTANA.

...Major H. B. Abbott, ... received charge of the ...allawar, on 10th July.

...ommr., Ajmir-Merwara, ... for two months and ... July.

...t Office Dept. made by ... Office of India :—

...CLE, BOMBAY.

...ppointed to officiate as a 1st ...

...ppointed to officiate as a 3rd ...

... Post Office Dept. made by ... Post Office of India :—

...appointed to officiate as Depy. Postmaster-General, British Burma, but will continue to be in charge of the Eastern Bengal Circle.

Mr. M. Percy, Presidency Postmaster, Madras, is granted furlough on medical certificate from 16th June to 9th Aug.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES ORDERS.

(*North-Western Provinces Gazette*.)

Mr. J. Saunders, Asst. Comm... Unao, privilege leave for 28 days, in ex... of the leave granted by Notification ... 25th May 1882.

Mr. W. ... C. S., Magis. and Collr., Azamgarh, privilege leave for 2 months, from 15th Aug. 1882.

Mr. A. B. Patterson, C. S., Offg. Magis. and Coll., Allahabad, privilege leave for 1 month and 29 days, from 27th Aug. 1882.

Mr. A. W. Porter, C. S., Offg. Magis and Coll., Benares, privilege leave for 2 months and 29 days, from 13th Aug. 1882.

APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. G. J. Laidman, C. S., Jt. Magis., 2nd Grade, to officiate as Magis. and Coll., Azamgarh, during the absence on leave of Mr. W. R. Burkitt, or until further orders.

Mr. T. Benson C. S., Jt. Magis., 2nd Grade, Allahabad, to officiate as Magis. and Coll., Allahabad, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. B. Patterson, or until further orders.

Mr. D. F. Addis., Assist. Sett. Officer, Jaunpur, to officiate as Magis. and Coll., Jaunpur, in addition to his other duties, during the absence of Mr. G. E. Ward on deputation, or until further orders.

Mr. W. Lambe, Offg. Jt. Magis., 1st Grade, to officiate as Magis. and Coll., Aligarh, during the absence on deputation of G. L. Lang or until further orders.

Mr. C. J. Connell, Asst. Magis. and Coll., Benares, to officiate as Magis. and Coll., Benares, during the absence on leave of Mr. F. W. Porter, or until further orders.

In supersession of the Notification from this Dept. No. 2342, dated 12th July 1882, Mr. A. W. Cruickshank, C.S., Offg. Magis. and Coll., Mainpuri, on being relieved by Mr. J. M. Pears, to revert to his substantive appointment as Asst. Magis. and Coll., and to be posted to the Muttra Dist.

Mr. C. J. Connell, Asst. Magis. and Coll., on return from furlough, to the Benares Dist.

REVERSIONS.

Mr. W. Duthoit, C. S., D. CL., Offg. Judl. Commr., Oudh, on being relieved of that appointment to revert to his substantive appointment as Dist. and Sess. Judge, 2nd Grade, Allahabad.

Mr. J. C. Leupolt, Offg. Magis. and Coll., Mirzapur, on being relieved by Mr. A. Cadell, to revert to his substantive appointment of Jt. Magis., 1st Grade Mirzapur.

TRANSFERS.

Mr. Denman, C. S., Asst. Magis. and Coll., from Muttra to Farukabad.

Mr. W. Holmes, Jt. Magis., from Banares to Muzaffarnagar.

REVENUE (FORESTS) DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. C. Murray, Sub-Asst. Conservr. of Forests (Offg. Asst. Conservr., 3rd Grade), attached to the Tons Div. of the School Circle, 3 months' examination leave to enable him to study for the Higher Standard in Hindustani, from 1st Aug. 1882.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. H. A. Ivens, Asst. Engr., 1st Grade, attached to the Agra Div. Provincial Works, will hold charge of the Div. during the absence of Capt. H. A. Yorke, R. E., Exec. Engr., on 3 months' privilege leave, or until further orders.

With advertence to Notification No. 304R. of 11th Mar. 1882, Mr. J. R. Bell, Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade, in addition to his present duties, is posted to the charge of the Pilibhit Purnapur Div., being section II. of the Sitapur-Pilibhit Extension Railway Survey, from the date on which he arrives at Bareilly and relieves Mr. E. L. Hunt, Ex. Engr. in charge, transferred as Engr-in-Chief and Manager, Cawnpore-Farukhabad and Muttra-Hathras State Railways.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

It is hereby notified that the Agra Canal will be closed for annual repairs as soon after the 1st Aug., 1882, as the state of the weather will permit.

Mr. R. P. Atkinson, Asst. Engr., passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani on 5th June, and the Departmental Standard Examination prescribed in P. W. Code, II., i., 21, on 12th idem.

With reference to notification No. 4884E, dated 2nd Nov., 1881, Mr. W. Ward-Smith, Ex. Engr., is confirmed in his appointment of Ex. Engr., Northern Div. Ganges Canal.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to Bombay Gazette Office.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."

This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other." " " AGENTS WANTED."

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
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FEBRUARY 15, 1882.

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The superiority of Dr. Menist's Pebbles is well known throughout India, and in order to place them within the reach of every one, he has now fitted them in steel frames, which they are authorised to sell for the price of the Pebbles only.

Dr. Menist's pamphlet may be had free on application ; it contains numerous testimonials to his successful treatment, many of the cases having been previously in the hands of other Oculists, who had failed to find a remedy, and it also contains, for the benefit of persons who cannot pay us a visit, a sheet of questions, the answers to which, when carefully given, will enable us to select suitable glasses.

Up-country orders attended to promptly.

Testing Glasses sent on application.

C. MARCKS & Co.,
Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

STRANACH—July 28, at Poona, the wife of F. D Stranach, of a son.

DEATH.

HEADLAM—July 29, at Ahmednagar, John Harold, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Headlam.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

LOGAN—July 26, at Simla, the wife of R. Logan, C. S., of a son.

MILLER—July 21, at Calicut, the wife of S. A. Miller, Wynaad, of a son.

NORTON—July 26, at Kurseong, Mrs. David Norton, of a daughter.

OSTOCHE—At Collingerah, District Jaunpore, the wife of G. Ostoche, Indigo Planter, of a son.

VALETTA—July 28, at Calcutta, the wife of Paul J. Valetta, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

ELCOCK—OTTO—July 18, at the Pro-Cathedral, Rangoon, by the Ven. Archdeacon Popham Blyth, Henry Elcock to Rosa Otto.

DEATHS.

CRAYDEN—July 18, at Simla, of Phthisis, William Charles Crayden, aged 28 years.

OSTOCHE—July 23, at Collingerah, District Jaunpore, Fanny, wife of G. Ostoche, Indigo Planter.

QUINN—July 27, at Allahabad, Captain Edward Quinn, late Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, aged 75 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1882.

WHAT does Russia mean by her "ominous attitude ?" The Russian Delegate—who is, we suppose, the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople—was first ordered not to attend the Conference pending further instructions from St. Petersburg. This created great surprise at Constantinople, as we can well believe. The Conference was brought to a standstill. But when the instructions came, the Conference was apparently brought to an end altogether. The Russian Government directed their representative to decline to participate in any discussion that did not relate exclusively to the Suez Canal. The opinion in Constantinople is that this determination on the part of Russia has terminated the Conference. That well-intended device, to which the Sultan so strenuously refused his concurrence as unnecessary and mischievous, thus comes to an untimely end, leaving the Egyptian imbroglio considerably worse than it was before. Of course there must be some serious cause for so marked a change of attitude towards the Conference on the part of Russia. The Northern Power, according to Prince Gortschakoff's famous official declaration, does not "sulk ;" she "meditates."

What is the present scope of her meditations ? In all human probability she is meditating how best to turn to practical account the complications which have so suddenly arisen in the Eastern Mediterranean. Her traditional policy has never been laid aside. She will aggrandise herself at the expense of Turkey to the end of the chapter, and it is not the Treaty of Berlin that will stand in her way. It is not easy to foretell what direction she will seek her particular profit ; but that she will seek it there can be no doubt. The sympathies of every disinterested Russian will be naturally aroused by the continued sufferings of the Armenian Christians who have not as yet been delivered from the Turkish yoke. Erzeroum is not far from Kars, and it may easily become the Alexandria of a Russian Expedition. The forty-eight millions of the war indemnity remains unpaid, and the Cabinet of St. Petersburg, pressed for money, will no doubt feel that it is entitled to a settlement. An excuse will not be wanting when the moment comes for re-opening the controversy which the Treaty of Berlin adjourned. Meanwhile the Russian Government gives an indirect blow at our policy by declaring that the only subject it will discuss at the Conference is the question of the Suez Canal. As it was never even alleged that the safety of the Canal was the primary object of our intervention in Egypt or the first or chief concern of the Conference, such a declaration can only be interpreted as a diplomatic refusal to approve either of the British action in Egypt or of the request of the Congress to the Sultan to send his troops there. In effect Russia follows the example of France and Italy in refusing to see any special justification for our intervention in Egypt. Thus three of the Great Powers are accounted for ; of the other three, two, Germany and Austria, hold aloof, while the third, Great Britain, holds on her course and is sending troops day by day towards Egypt. The advantage of being free from the embarrassment of having to act in conjunction with allies who would be certainly jealous and most probably hostile at heart, may well console us for having to bear the whole burden. Since there is to be European intervention in Egypt, which is certainly a great misfortune, it is better that there should be but one Power and that Power England, engaged in the operation. The possibility of future complications will be thus minimised, and that is a great matter alike for Egypt and the world at large. It is still possible to get through with the business without a general European war ; but if other Powers had sent their troops into the country with ours a quarrel and a fight would have been only a matter of time.

We do not hear anything further of the action of the Porte in regard to the proffered Turkish intervention. Doubtless, the momentous change in the attitude of Russia has absorbed attention at Constantinople, and the straitened relations between the Sultan and Lord Dufferin were for the moment lost sight of. On the other hand, the French President has given prompt effect to the decision of the Chamber to have no hand or part in the Egyptian business. The French fleet is ordered to withdraw from Egyptian waters. We presume the French gun-boats in the Canal will be withdrawn with the rest. The task of guarding the Canal will thus be simplified. Our naval force is quite sufficient for the purpose, and the French gun-boats will not be missed. The three battalions of guards are now on their way, and Sir Garnet Wolseley, whose rapid recovery is noticeable, will set out for Egypt on Friday. If we strike rapidly and bring the affair to a close within the three months which Mr. Gladstone speaks of, the potential dangers of the political situation will be greatly reduced. But until the whole business is finished, we must attentively watch the attitude of the Powers which have with so much disinterestedness stood aside to allow us to do unbidden the work which we on our part were, with equal disinterestedness, but perhaps less wisdom, anxious to share with the rest of Europe.

THE Government of India has been requested to assist the study of solar physics in relation to rainfall by collecting, among other facts, data regarding the heights of the water in rivers from June to October. But it would be well if the Government of India would first ascertain to what extent the beds of the rivers have silted up during say the last 30 years. We have repeatedly pointed out that for the most part the hills and mountains of the country have been leased for cultivation, and that therefore the large vegetation which should clothe and protect these important uplands has been destroyed in the supposed interests of a comparative few. The consequence is that the streams and rivers of the country have silted up to a very considerable and very dangerous extent, and that therefore the existing flood line of a river during the rainy season affords no reliable data whatever regarding the amount of rainfall ; for the rivers fill to flooding and empty rapidly owing to their natural beds having been so greatly decreased in depth and to a want of storage at their hill and mountain sources. The spongy surface on the uplands being destroyed, the falling rains have nothing to detain them. They rush at once down the mountain sides, scoop away the soil, fill the beds of streams and rivers, sweep away bridges, crops, and houses, not unfrequently destroy life and flood adjacent valuable fields with an avalanche of debris and sterility. The river Elbe between the years 1787 and 1837 was found to have a lessened depth of ten feet as the result of the destruction of the forests at the sources of the tributaries of that river. A similar result has been found in the case of the Danube, the Oder and other rivers. Again, the Theiss, which has its sources in the Carpathian mountains, once received its waters with an even, steady flow. But the forests have been destroyed, and the bed of this river has been gradually filled up with the detritus of the upper country until it now flows on a higher level than the adjacent land, and the inhabitants have been obliged to dike the sides of this stream as the condition of their own protection from ruin. When it is considered that one inch of soil off one acre of land only equals 3,600 cubic-feet ; that the forests upon countless thousands of acres of the steep slopes of hill and mountain lands, the sources of the streams and rivers, have been destroyed by rude cultivation or other causes in every collectorate of this presidency, it may readily be conceded that unless natural laws have been suspended for our benefit, the depths of the stream and river channels must be seriously diminished by vast accumulations of silt. In India we know what has happened in several notable instances. The rivers of the Poona Collectorate have silted up to an alarming extent even within the last few years. The fact is well known to the people. Sir R. Temple officially wrote of the Fife Lake "it must silt up." A lake at Narrayngonve, in the Junar taluq of the Poona collectorate, built by the Moguls with a stone bund 28 feet high and 1,300 feet in length, has entirely silted up. The hill and mountain bunds draining into it were years ago leased for cultivation. Sir R. Temple saw this bund, and all officials here know of its having silted up. How could it be otherwise, seeing that one inch of soil off one acre of land equals 3,600 cubic-feet, and hundreds of thousands of acres of hill and mountain land are under cultivation in one Dekkan Collectorate alone.

WE are not told what are the two "vital" points upon which the Lords have under the guidance of Lord Salisbury amended the Arrears' Bill. It is scarcely possible for Mr. Gladstone to accept amendments aimed at the principle of the Bill. He will probably insist upon the measure being passed unaltered in essentials, and if the Lords prove stubborn there may be a dissolution. Not that the subject would furnish just at this moment a popular hustings cry. But the Government is pledged to the measure as the complement of the other Irish measure just passed, the Repression of Crime Act. As the one measure was passed to put down outrages the other was promised as a means of staying the "cruel and unpatriotic" evictions which are the source of outrages. If the second measure be emasculated and rendered useless the Government policy will become lopsided and the second Coercion Act may fail as the first failed to secure life and property in the threatened districts. Until the Repression of Crime Bill was introduced the landlords, with Lord Salisbury himself at their head, urgently pressed upon Government the expediency of a measure dealing with the arrears consequent on the failure of three successive harvests. But as soon as the stringency of the new Coercion Bill gave a prospect of effecting wholesale evictions with comparative safety, the demand for an Arrears Bill died out on that side. The Land Corporation has been expressly formed for the purpose of effecting wholesale clearances, and its capital of £750,000 is to be mainly devoted to depopulating townlands, where the tenants have even asked for a diminution of rents. Clearly if the Government is to avert a class war of unprecedented ferocity, it must insist upon the Arrears being accepted by the Lords. The rejection of the Disturbances Bill was the origin of the serious trouble of the last two years ; the rejection of the Arrears Bill if acquiesced in will be infinitely more perilous in its results to those who now blindly embarrass the Government in the midst of its difficulties.

WE recently drew attention to a memorial addressed to the Bombay Government asking for assistance towards the establishment of an Industrial School in Bombay. The scheme had its origin in the desire to perpetuate the memory of the late Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy. A fund amounting to some forty thousand rupees was collected by subscription, and with this sum it was proposed to establish an Industrial School for boys of all castes and creeds, the name of the deceased baronet to be borne by the institution. To this excellent object the Government was asked to contribute. An answer has been given to the memorialists which is very satisfactory. The Government approves of the object in view, and states that when a detailed plan is submitted it will give favourable consideration to it and grant what assistance may be in its power. With this encouraging response to the prayer of the memorialists the establishment of an Industrial School in Bombay may be regarded as practically settled.

THE EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.

MAJOR-GENERAL H. T. MACPHERSON, K.C.B., V.C., in command of the Indian expedition to Egypt, arrived in Bombay from Allahabad by the 9-15 train yesterday morning. A salute of eleven guns was fired from the saluting battery on the occasion of his arrival. Lieut. Childers, R.E., is A.-D.-C. with the General.

LIEUT.-COL. HAYTER, Lieut. Booth, and Lieut. Spence, transport officers, are all now in Bombay.

DEPUTY SURGEON-GENERAL COLVIN SMITH has also arrived.

THE troops for Egypt will be disposed for the voyage as follows :—

13th Bengal Lancers.—The s. s. Chindwara, Armenia, Kangra, Northern, Bundarra, and Booldana. Total strength 497 sowars, 520 horses, 81 horses, 277 ponies, and 350 followers. The Company of Madras Sappers and Miners also embarks on the Bhundara.

The 2nd Bengal Cavalry.—The s. s. Tenasserim, Iris, Dryburg Abbey, Ethiopia, and Hampshire, and one more steamer not yet engaged. Total strength about 465 sowars, 480 horses, 270 ponies, and 350 followers.

The 6th Bengal Cavalry.—The Khiva and Hydaspes are as yet the only ships engaged for this regiment.

The 7th B. N. I.—The s. s. Merton Hall and Sicily. These vessels will probably start on the 5th and 6th instant.

The 29th Beloochees from Kurrachee.—The s. s. Clan Macdonald and Inchrona.

The 20th P. N. I. from Kurrachee.—The s. s. Naples and Alleghany.

The 7-1st Northern Division R. A. Mountain Battery.—The s. s. Galatea and Chanda.

Commissariat establishment and followers.—The s. s. Zambesi.

Stores.—The s. s. Lucinda and Hilda.

It is probable that part of the 7th B. N. I. will embark on the Merton Hall on Saturday morning.

THE fitting out of the vessels is being rapidly proceeded with. Captain Radcliffe, of the supply branch of the Commissariat, whose work it has been to calculate the exact quantities of stores, &c., of various kinds required for each steamer, sees that the labour is carried out very smoothly and quickly.

IT was at first intended that two months' reserve of hay should be carried to Egypt. Owing, however, to the scarcity of good hay in India, it has now been decided that only seven days' reserve is to be carried, the remainder, about 1,000 tons, being bought from England. In general the stores and the mules will be shipped in separate steamers.

THE Wing of the 7th Bengal N. I. are expected from Deolalee by a special train at 6 a. m. on the 5th instant. On arrival at the Prince's Dock they will be embarked on the s. s. Merton Hall. The strength of the Wing is 5 European officers, 472 men, 73 followers, and 5 horses. One hundred and fifty mules will probably be sent in the same steamer.

A SIMLA correspondent, likely to be well informed, hears that the original order for the Egyptian force to go without any artillery came from home. The military authorities here protested, and were then permitted to add the mountain battery, already announced as forming part of the expedition.

EGYPT.

THE FUTURE OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

No. I.

SIR,—The situation in Egypt is a most serious one ; so serious that it calls for more than passing notice. Hour by hour new phases of it are telegraphed from England which make it very difficult, if not almost impossible, to forecast the immediate result of Great Britain's tardy, but independent, action as regards the Suez Canal.

No sooner is one crisis over than another springs up. The impression regarding the bombardment of Alexandria has barely passed away than we are confronted with grave misunderstandings between the European Powers. First we are told that France will join England in the occupation of Egypt ; then that she refuses to co-operate. Again we hear that Turkey will not send troops, and anon that she will. "Italy stands aloof" jealous of both France and England, it is said. Yet hardly have we read this telegram when we are startled by another. "France proposes that Italy be asked to co-operate in a joint occupation of Egypt."

England has sent an Advance Guard, which will be followed by an army corps from England and a division from India. France, Italy and Turkey are arming ; Germany, Austria, and Russia are passing spectators at least for the moment. Let us take advantage of this slight pause—it will not last long, may be before this is in your hands all may be changed—to review briefly the causes which have brought about the present situation in Egypt.

That the lines have been more than ordinary complications—political complications—does not admit of the slightest doubt. The telegrams of the last two or three weeks are sufficient proof of it, even to any one who does not follow, or has not closely followed the course of events in Europe. We need not wait for blue-books or history to unfold these complications, for we should never know them all ; we can form a very fair idea of how the present situation has come to pass.

Ever since the terribly short and decisive war between Germany and France in 1870, the Balance of Power in Europe has been growing more and more delicate. It must be patent to all that not only could France never forgive Germany the crushing defeat she received at her hands, but that she would never be satisfied until she had regained the fair Rhenish Provinces of Alsace and Lorraine wrested from her as part of the war indemnity. She might repudiate all warlike intentions

TELEGRAMS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SAFETY OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

PORTSAID VIA SUEZ, AUG. 1.

The passage of the Canal is perfectly secure, and the traffic and coaling are being carried on as usual. The rumours to the contrary are entirely false.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By London and Teheran.)

OMINOUS ATTITUDE OF RUSSIA.

THE CONFERENCE CONSIDERED AT AN END.

EMBARKATION OF THE GUARDS FOR EGYPT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 31.

The Conference is at a standstill, in consequence of the absence of the Russian Delegate, who has been ordered by the Russian Government to abstain from attending the sittings pending the receipt of further instructions.

The attitude of Russia causes much surprise.

EVENING.

The Russian delegate has declined to participate in any discussion at the Conference except it be relating to the Suez Canal. The Conference is, therefore, considered to be terminated.

LONDON, JULY 31, EVENING.

The second Battalion of the Grenadier Guards embarked for Egypt to-day, and the second Battalion of the Coldstream Guards will embark to-morrow. The Household Cavalry will embark on Wednesday.

BRITISH MEN-OF-WAR AT ISMAILIA.

Latest advices from Egypt state that H. M.'s ships Orion, Ready, and Carysfort are stationed at Ismailia, and that a force of Marines has been landed there.

ABOUKIR.

The proposed bombardment of Aboukir has been abandoned.

SIR GARNET WOLSELEY.

LONDON, AUGUST 1, MORNING.

General Sir Garnet Wolseley is much better and starts for Egypt on Friday.

THE FRENCH FLEET.

The *Daily News* publishes a telegram stating that the entire French fleet has been ordered to withdraw from Egyptian waters.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

The Khedive has authorised the English to occupy the Suez Canal.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS FOR EGYPT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 1.

General Macpherson left yesterday for Bombay, whither the staff is now hurrying.

The 20th N. I. moves on for Kurrachee to-morrow.

Orders have been issued to move on all troops towards the ports of embarkation the moment the rolling stock is ready.

THE BURMESE EMBASSY.

It is anticipated that the negotiations with the Burmese embassy will be brought to a close one way or another during the course of the present week. It is considered probable that a treaty will be concluded.

THE REORGANISATION OF THE PUNJAB COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

A scheme for the improvement, and promotion the Punjab Commission, and for the separation the judicial and executive branches of the administration, is now before the Legislative Department. Both the local Government and the Home Department of the Government of India have come to an understanding upon the points of difference between them. The scheme embraces the appointment of some 28 District Judges, and for larger districts a certain number of Assistant or Subordinate Judges, who will have appellate powers, and will exercise similar powers to those held by similar officers in Bengal and the Regulation Provinces. In order to lessen the appellate work of the Chief Court, a change is contemplated in the existing law relating to appeals, no appeals being allowable except in land cases, and in cases for money over Rs. 500. Special appeals on points of law are, however, admissible. The proposal involves a reduction in the present number of districts by four, and possibly by one or two Commissionerships. The above are believed to be the chief features of the proposal now on the tapis.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By London and Teheran.)

THE ARREARS BILL.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

The Lords have passed the arrears of Rent Bill through Committee, adopting two vital amendments brought forward by Lord Salisbury.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, JULY 31.

The Bombay Mails of the 11th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, JULY 31.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Nepaul arrived here from Bombay this morning.

MALTA, JULY 31.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Navarino, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here this morning.

SUEZ, JULY 31.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Merkara, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 29th instant.

COLOMBO, AUG. 1, 4-23 P.M.

Extra mail steamer Clyde from Suez arrived.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(AUGUST 1.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* direct cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

(Madras time.)

MONDAY, NIGHT, JULY 31.

At 10 p.m. .. .. 78·2

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1.

At 6 a.m.	77·6
„ 10 a.m.	80·3
„ 2 p.m.	81·1
„ 4 p.m.	81·3

THE Hon'ble W. W. Hunter, President of the Education Commission, left Simla on Saturday morning for Lahore and other places, where he is to hold local inquiries on educational matters.

RAO SAHEB VER PARSAD TAPUPARSAD, of Surat, has been appointed assistant in the Assessment Department sent to the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay on a salary of Rs. 600 per month. The Rao Saheb assisted the Commissioner in his late work into the working of the Assessment Act.

IT is quite surprising, the Allahabad paper hears from Simla, to find how injurious the wet weather has proved (since it has been definitively settled that an Egyptian expedition is to sail) on the constitutions of officers in a position to mention the state of their health to the Commander-in-Chief or any high authority. There has been quite a consensus of opinion among the doctors, it would seem, as regards the advantage they would derive from a few months' residence in a dry climate—a dry warm sandy climate especially.

THE Nepal Princes ordered to be removed to Ootacamund of the Nepalese Sirdars, Narendra Bikram Sao and General Banibir Bikram. These Sirdars were deported from Nepal after the late disturbances, and have since then been residing at Chunar.

THE *Indu Prakash* does not join in the outcry of the majority of the native papers against India being required to pay for sending an Indian contingent to [illegible] that it is [illegible] on hand [illegible]

in India, and to say on the other, that whenever the interests of that Government in respect of India are in jeopardy, the costs of all expeditions plainly meant for the protection of those interests should not even be partly thrown on this country. It is admitted that both England and India have a united interest in keeping the Suez Canal safe; and that England should have a voice in the administration of Egypt. If so, is it not plainly inferable that India should bear a fair share of the costs of the expedition? The case of the Afghan war was quite different. There, the war was unnecessarily sought by Lord Lytton's Government and all the expenses were sought to be thrown on India; whereas in the present case, the crisis arises owing to the rebellious conduct of a man who was nothing some time ago but who has managed to secure a position for himself by throwing everything in confusion. We may also state here that native merchants take a greater interest in the present crisis than they did in the Afghan war. This indicates that this country has a sense of the fact that it has some real interest in the issues of the present imbroglio."

THE Simla correspondent of the *Pioneer* considers the announcement that Turkey had agreed to send troops to Egypt "a very satisfactory result, not so much for the sake of the military assistance which may thus be rendered to Sir Garnet Wolseley, as on account of the conclusive way in which it disposes of Arabi's absurd pretension to be engaged in a *Jehad*. It would be difficult to find in any part of the world a Mussalman who would be carried away by enthusiasm for a *Jehad* against which the Sultan of Turkey was engaged in fighting."

WRITING of the troops ordered to Egypt from England, a London Military correspondent on July 7 said:—"The 1st North Lancashire and 2nd Essex, embarking in the Malabar to-morrow, only received the order yesterday afternoon. The latter regiment goes out without a Lieutenant-Colonel owing to the retirement of Colonels Hill and Huskisson. I presume Colonel Maguire, of the 1st Battalion, will be given the command of the 2nd; Major Greenland getting the second Lieutenant Colonelcy."

THINGS are not, seemingly, quite *en train* in the Madras Civil Service, according to a correspondent of the Allahabad paper, who writes from Bangalore:—"A little while ago a statement went the round of the papers that a District Judge had been severely rapped over the knuckles by the High Court. The Government went so far as to record in writing that the aforesaid Judge was not fit to be on the bench. If this be true, one would expect to find the Judge removed. But having delivered itself of this sarcastic joke, the Government was content. Not so the victim, who has carried his grievance to the Secretary of State, with a request that the obnoxious remark of his superiors might be erased from its official resting place. Still more lately, a civilian of some standing has been unceremoniously turned out of the Revenue Board to make room for a very much more junior gentleman. The story goes that the rejected remonstrated with the Government at their treatment of himself, and was politely informed that the Revenue Board required strengthening. In this case, too, the assistance of the Secretary of State has been invoked, and the rejected has gone home to lay his grievances personally before Lord Hartington."

AN amusing story is told to an up-country paper by a passenger by the last mail steamer Pekin. The Iris, steel despatch boat, steamed into Port Said the week of the bombardment of Alexandria, and moored opposite the Egyptian man-of-war in the harbour. The Egyptian Captain was on shore, and boasted that he would probably soon have to take the Iris. He added that he would not injure her more than he could help, as he wanted her for himself. Acting upon orders received from Admiral Seymour, the Captain of the Iris sent a message to the Egyptian Commander that he would blow the Egyptian man-of-war into the air if she left her moorings. Each night the Egyptian crew trained their guns on the torpedo portholes of the Iris so as to be ready in case hostilities broke out. Each night after dark the Iris was quietly warped a few yards backwards or forwards, so that when morning dawned the Egyptians had the pleasure of seeing their guns pointing at a harmless part of the opposite vessel. Had they fired during the night no harm would have accrued to the Iris, a torpedo from which would have at once sent the Egyptian man-of-war and its boastful Captain to the bottom. The Iris is one of the new vessels which steam from eighteen to twenty miles an hour.

AN extract from a private letter, describing the Alexandria massacre, which has been sent to an up-country paper, has the following description of some redeeming features in the conduct of the natives towards Europeans:—

It is pleasant to know that, amongst the savage cruelties practised by the Arabs, there were some of those acts of kindliness shown which make "all men kin"—little children hidden and protected till the danger was over; men and women sheltered and befriended when all hope seemed at an end. There is a story told of a lady who, looking out of a window of a house in the Rue des Sœurs for her absent husband, on that sad Sunday, witnessed the horrible scene of death and destruction. Sick with fear and horror, she sunk down helpless, till she remembered she had a child to save. Seizing the little one she fled to the offices at the back of the house, and, finding there a man, who had once been a servant, she asked him to save her and her child. He bade her wait, and, leaving her for a few minutes, he brought back a woman's dress and veil, and, putting it on, told her to follow him. Through the winding dirty lanes of the Arab town the man led her on, the awful cries of anguish and violence still sounding in her ears, till, through ways she had never known before, he brought her to the Consulate. Then, handing over the child, which he had carried hitherto, he disappeared, demanding neither thanks nor reward. Still more narrow was the escape of a young Englishman, who flying from the murderers down a narrow street and finding his strength failing, placed his back against the door of a house and stood at bay, determined to sell his life as dearly as possible, since hope there was none. Strength was failing, and the light dying out of his eyes, when the door behind him cautiously opened and a hand came suddenly forth, seized him and dragged him in, the door closing as quickly as it had opened, leaving the Arabs to exhaust their strength in vain on the securely barred timber and iron, of which it was composed. The two little children of an English gentleman, it is well-known, disappeared during the outbreak to be safely restored when it was over.

COLONEL EDWARD DURNFORD has written a memoir of his brother who fell at Isandhlwana, and whose career, especially during his six or seven years of residence in South Africa, contained much to interest the public.

THE *Athenæum* greatly regrets to announce the death, after a long illness, of the eminent Orientalist Dr. Haas. Dr. Haas held an important post in the Department of Printed Books in the British Museum, and was Professor of Sanskrit at University College, Gower Street.

THE Darwin Memorial Fund amounted before the last mail left to 2,487*l.* 13*s.* It had been decided that the memorial should take the form of a marble statue. The Trustees of the British Museum will be asked to place the statue in the large hall of the British Museum (Natural History), South Kensington.

SUMMONSES have been taken out in London against the editor, publisher, and printer of the *Freethinker* for blasphemous libel. The summonses are issued on the information of Sir Henry Tyler, M. P., and the persons named therein are William James Ramsey, the publisher; G. W. Foote, the editor; and Edward William Whittle, the printer. The alleged offence is stated to have been committed in the paper in question in the weekly number dated the 28th of May last. The parties were to appear before the Lord Mayor to answer to the charge on July 8th. It may be added that the *Freethinker* contains what it calls "Comic Bible Sketches," and the complaint, it is stated, is more particularly directed against the character of the woodcuts in question.

As long sittings are the order of the day, a home paper suggests that Parliament should adopt the system of "eight hours' work, eight hours' sleep, and eight hours' play!" By a little arrangement of their forces the Government might so distribute their power that a certain section of the members should be always on duty. If this were adopted, St. Stephen's might sit night and day without feeling the strain. The work would proceed merrily, and by Christmas the legislators might have the proud satisfaction of saying, "At last we have passed a bill. Hurrah!"

CAPT. COLOMB, R. N., in a letter to the *Times*, says:—"Out of an aggregate of 38,915 British steam vessels with cargoes entered and cleared the United Kingdom, but 1,444 such vessels passed through the Suez Canal. The total value of British goods carried over sea during 1879 was £790,000,000. Of this some £600,000,000 came to or went from the United Kingdom, the balance, £190,000,000 being Colonial and Indian interchange. Of this total of £790,000,000 worth of goods, some £82,600,000 only passed through the Canal, some £50,000,000 by the Cape, and some £33,400,000 by Cape Horn. There is an area of accumulation at the Equator, where the Cape and Cape Horn routes join, and if the value of these two routes be added to the further accumulation of British interchange with South Atlantic ports, the total value of this Equatorial area reaches over £100,000,000. I would wish your readers to contemplate the necessary concentration of a very large proportion of our naval forces in the vicinity of the Canal, through which but one-ninth part of British goods passes, and ask themselves what naval means remain available for the protection in war of the other eight-ninths by blockade of all

A CURIOUS quarrel, ending in a fatal duel, is reported from Germany. Sheep's-head, although hardly a flattering epithet or term of endearment, is not usually regarded between man and man as an insult of so deep a dye that the stain inflicted upon the honour of a gentleman to whom this compound noun may happen to be addressed can only be washed out in blood. Such, however, appears to be the view taken of its German equivalent, "Schafskop," in the Fatherland. In the city of Oldenburg recently, one Herr Jansen, an elderly barrister, called upon an acquaintance, the upper storey of whose dwelling was occupied by an infantry lieutenant named Fischer, the proprietor of a handsome pointer, upon which he had sportively bestowed the name of Schafskop. The dog was lying stretched on the doorstep as Jansen came up to the door, and at that very moment the lieutenant, thrusting his head out of his second floor window, shouted at the top of his voice, "Sheep's-head, come up, will you?" Jansen took this summons to himself, and, instead of entering the house, waited by the door until Fischer made his appearance, when, exclaiming "Sheep's-head yourself," he lent the lieutenant a hearty box on the ear. Fischer, who was in mufti, retorted with a walking stick; and the result of this misunderstanding was a hostile meeting. Jansen fired first, inflicting a slight flesh wound upon his adversary, whereupon Fischer, in no way ruffled by his hurt, stretched the too-hasty advocate dead upon the ground with a bullet through his heart.

THE BISHOP AND THE DIVORCE LAW.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am sorry to say that your correspondent "Audi Alteram Partem" did not hit upon a very brilliant idea in introducing that *reductio ad absurdum* in favour of Bishop Mylne. Bishop Meurin, strictly speaking, does not receive a salary from the State, and, therefore, is not a State servant. He receives, as has been officially stated, only a subsidy for acting as the channel of all communications between Government and the Roman Catholic military chaplains, and, I may add, that the subsidy in question would, as a *salary*, be quite out of proportion with his position as Bishop. Out of the twenty Roman Catholic Bishops in India only four have been registered by the State to assist Government in the way I have mentioned above, and these alone receive the subsidy, whilst the others, being equally Bishops, receive nothing. Bishop Meurin is not appointed by the State nor directed by it in the discharge of his episcopal duties, nor subject to any ecclesiastical State law. Bishop Meurin, as your readers need scarcely be told, visits the military stations regularly for the purpose of administering confirmation and performing other purely episcopal functions; but I have ascertained that he does this at his own expense, not receiving so much as ordinary travelling allowance which Bishop Mylne rightly claims and receives on such occasions. Bishop Mylne, however, who acknowledges Her Majesty the Queen as the Supreme Head of the Anglican Church, and is appointed and salaried by Her Majesty's Government, is, *as an Anglican Bishop*, bound to obey the ecclesiastical laws of the State and Queen that made him a Bishop. Bishop Meurin, being neither an Anglican Bishop nor a State servant, possesses full freedom to live and to rule his people according to the laws of the Catholic Church. Hence a State law which may happen to be contrary to the Christian law, like the Divorce Act, cannot put Bishop Meurin into the dilemma of disobeying either the Church or the State, nor involve him in a necessary and flagrant opposition to his duty and conscience as regards the one or the other authority; but Bishop Mylne as a State Bishop having submitted to the double supremacy of the Sovereign, the temporal and the spiritual, cannot well complain if he frequently finds himself in the awkward position of having to obey two laws in open contradiction to each other—the Christian and the State laws. Most people will, I think, now agree that the argument supplied by Bishop Mylne's advocate is evidently faulty on this point.

Bombay, August 1. SPECTATOR.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent "Audi Alteram Partem" is quite wrong in saying that the law gives an option to the clergy whether or not they will perform marriages at all.

What the law in India says (Act IV. of 1869. Sect. 58), and the law is the same in England, is this, "No clergyman in Holy Orders of the United Church of England and Ireland shall be compelled to solemnize the marriage of any person whose former marriage has been dissolved on the ground of his or her adultery, or shall be liable to any suit, penalty, or censure for solemnising or refusing to solemnise the marriage of any such person."

When the law says that a clergyman shall not be liable to any penalty for refusing to remarry a *guilty* party, the inference is that it intended that he should be liable to a penalty for refusing to remarry an *innocent* party. And when the law says that a clergyman shall not be liable to any penalty or censure for solemnising the marriage of any person who has committed adultery, the Bishop deliberately and ostentatiously defies and breaks the law when he proclaims in the Cathedral that he will not only censure any such clergyman, but will deprive him of his licence.

It is true that, although the history of all priestly persecutions shows that the greatest crimes have been committed for conscience sake, yet our courts are slow to punish acts dictated by even a perverted conscience. But though I understand that the Bishop, before he acted as he has done, obtained counsel's opinion that he might so act with safety, yet I greatly doubt if our courts would take the same view if the question came to be tried.

At any rate, it is quite clear to every layman that the clergy of their diocese are paid to perform marriages as one of their duties; and if they exercise what your correspondent calls their option and refuse to celebrate marriages other than those specified in Section 58 of Act IV. of 1869, the Government ought to exercise its option, and either dispense with their services or refuse to pay them their salaries.—Yours &c.

COMMON SENSE.

III.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I hope the majority of the readers of the pastoral letter of the Bishop of Bombay will take a different view to that intended. The letter comes too late in the day; it would have done better before the laws of divorce were made, and while those laws are in force, and society receives the innocent one after remarriage, such letters as the Bishop's are useless. Since reading the letter I've been wondering whether I'm living in a Protestant or Roman Catholic country, in France or India.

Why does the Bishop refuse to support the laws of his country and still remain in it; other servants of Government would have to throw up their appointments if they behaved in a similar way.

The whole question is easily settled. I venture to say, when we substitute the words "separated from" for "put away," for that is what was done in former times, I read the texts quoted in this way, "He may married her which is separated from her husband (not divorced) doth commit adultery." Again, "Is it lawful for a man to be separated from his wife for every cause." I do not think there is any doubt, but that the law of Moses allowed a man to separate from his wife for adultery alone and marry again, and extended this law because of the hardness of their hearts.

Again, in the text "Have ye not read that," &c., &c. and "cleave to his wife" that is, as long as she is his wife, but when she has lost all right to the title by her conduct, what then? and the injunction "cleave to his wife" means *be true to her*, not cleave to her after she has committed herself. "And they twain shall be one flesh;" but we read, "if thine eye offend thee pluck it out"; a man or woman is in himself or herself one flesh, but if their arm or leg endangers the whole body it is cut off.

"What God hath joined together let no man put asunder." The Bishop would allow a divorce or legal separation, and yet on his own showing "let *no man* put asunder." I interpret this as let no man create discord that will put asunder the child of the husband and wife, or do anything that will lead to it. The man that puts asunder man and wife is the adulterer, the wolf in sheep's clothing. Will the Bishop kindly explain the difference between "legal separation" and "let what *God* hath joined together"?

What God hath joined together. Will the Bishop say that God joins together all parties that go through the marriage service in the Church of England? Certainly not; for after some time, perhaps years, it is found to be a bigamous or otherwise illegal marriage, *and they part* because (?) they are not joined together by God, and it is illegal; if so, in this case is it not possible that persons we thoroughly believe, and that are married, have not been joined together by God and that the adultery proves it and they are divorced in consequence.

Why be so strict in administering the sacrament of marriage as taught (according to the Bishop) by Christ, and so different in administering the ordinances of the Lord's supper as taught by the same teacher, and why not copy the same teacher in manner, &c., of preaching the gospel; no ritual, &c., then.

Again, we all know that "no man can put away (be separated from) his wife and marry another without committing the sin of adultery."

"But from the beginning it was not so;" no, in the beginning all was *pure*, when Christ spoke of all was sin; once all was light, after the fall all was dark. And when He went back to the laws of God He knew that, through sin, it would be impossible to keep the laws as in the beginning, and He mournfully, regretfully says "it was not so in the beginning." He was comparing creation in the beginning to what sin had brought it up to His time.

The Bishop considers certain sinners as outcasts, Sodom and Gomorrah, Judea, Babajee, in his opinion they were to be treated as he would treat them. Are they beyond redemption? *Would Christ have given them the ordinance of the Lord's Supper?* The Great Ruler never meant nor does the Bible teach that a man should live in sin, and if you have a legal separation we also find "it is not good for man to live alone," and "no man shall put asunder."

Is it not better for an adulterer and an adulteress (bad though they may *have been*) to remedy the sin by marriage than to live in open shame. Of two evils choose the lesser. I have seen the inside of places of worship more polluted by the (regular) attendance of some men, than the altar rails or the sublime marriage service would be by a couple that *had* been guilty of sin.

It is surprising that Bishops, &c., cannot see that they are doing more to hasten the downfall of the State church by such opposition to social questions (where the majority are in opposition to the pastoral letter,) and the laws of the realm than anything else known. It is useless for one part of the Church to say they will not do a thing when another will, and chapels will, and register offices. Persons are not particular *where* they are married, so long as it is perfectly legal or what society will accept. I enclose my card.

MARRIED.

Bombay, August 1.

IV.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Eight years ago Mr. Gladstone wrote that *dogma* was the "foundation-stone of Christianity." Now we have the Bishop stating that "marriage is the principal foundation on which Christian society is built." The two statements are perhaps not so incompatible as they seem at first sight. If by dogma is meant positive statement unsupported by proof, then that of the Bishop, if it be not deemed a mere figment of his imagination, is certainly as dogmatic as it is unreasonable. The service of God, we have been taught, is a reasonable service, *i.e.*, a service of reason, but a more unreasonable and unreasoning production than the pastoral it would be difficult to find. Dogma, dogma everywhere; nothing but dogma. It is, alas! too apparent that dogma is the foundation of the Bishop's Christianity. I conceive the great Teacher would have written a very different pastoral. The lenient tone of "neither do I condemn thee, go and sin no more," is totally different from the arrogance and severity of the chief pastor of Bombay.

The Bishop states that Christ refused to decide between two parties of Pharisees who wished to have his opinion as to what were justifiable causes of divorce, and carried them back to what he calls the "original law of man's creation"—questions that may mean. He apparently believes the 'rib story' and collateral narrative, but must have forgotten some of the subsequent details. We have next some curious interrogations about a certain evil (divorce) being *permitted* in the time of Moses on account of the hardness of men's hearts, which could not be permitted under the reign of grace and truth. We look in vain, however, for anything like "grace," in the true sense of the word, in any part of the Bishop's tirade. We find only a "fearful looking for of judgment and fiery indignation." As to the "truth" in it the less said about it the better; for, unfortunately, the dogma in which it abounds is anything but synonymous with truth.

It is probably quite useless to remind the Bishop that the world has been making progress in civilisation since the days of Christ and of the fathers, and that marriage and divorce require to be considered in connection with that progress. The church may elevate marriage into a sacrament, but this does not alter the fact that it forms part of the public policy of all nations and creeds, and in a sense may be said to be the foundation of all societies whether Christian or pagan. It does not need a man to be a dogmatic theologian to form an opinion on this subject. In fact, one who is not an abject follower of the fathers and the church is more likely to form a correct opinion than a biassed believer. I am no apologist for what the Bishop characterises as that "foulest of sins," nor will I dispute the accuracy of the expression, but I assert that no unbiassed individual of average reasoning powers can believe that there is a shadow of justice in two perfectly moral persons marrying when one or other has been legitimately divorced. The Bishop and the church may object to granting such the "privileges of an honest man and wife," and may call it adultery if they like; but they cannot prove it to be sinful and irrespective of the law of the land, no right-thinking person can believe it to be other than intrinsically lawful as well as often expedient. It is the truth we want and not dogma, and if such a marriage be adulterous on the lines of the Prayer-book, it is very evident the Prayer-book needs revision as much as the Bible did. It is, indeed, not too much to say that concubinage is the natural outcome of the Bishop's Pastoral, for if the constituted priesthood fail us, we shall find in the course of time, under such circumstances at least as those referred to, every man will be his own priest, and if not—

Bombay, August 1. WHY NOT?

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Gymkhana, half-yearly meeting, 6-15 p. m.
Band, B. V. R. Corps, Apollo-bunder, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived on the 31st:—Coconada (s), from Bussorah.
VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Birmania (s), for Genoa, &c.; Nizam (s), London, &c.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong per extra s. s. Vorwaerts will be closed at the General Post Office to-day at 3-30 p. m. (Madras time).

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Apollo-bunder this evening (weather permitting):—

March	Billee Taylor	C. Godfrey.
Overture	Nozze de Figaro	Mozart.
Reminiscences of	Scotland	F. Godfrey.
Waltz	Venus Reigen	Gung'l.
Quadrille	Les Amazones Volontaires	Arban.
Galop	The Malakof	H. Laurent.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Naples and the s. s. Tenasserim entered, and little for the s. s. Nizam, the s. s. Birmania, and the s. s. Thessaly left, the dock yesterday.

FALL OF A SHED.—A cow shed situated at Lohar Chawl, belonging to Atmaram Bapoo, fell in on Monday last. Six calves were buried in the debris; five were taken out alive, and the other was found dead.

THE CHURCH AND THE PRESS AT GOA.—The Archbishop of Goa has prohibited the Revd. Father Alvares, editor of the lately suspended journal, *A Cruz*, from performing any priestly function.

HOUSE ACCIDENT.—Abdoolla Haka, a Chinaman, while standing on a staging erected at the side of a house at Kudduck, accidentally slipped and fell, sustaining fracture of the upper and lower jaw and laceration of the face.

REFRACTORY SEAMAN.—Allan Murray, a seaman of the steamship Armenia, was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb at the Girgaum Police Court, with refusing to do duty on board that ship, of which he is an articled seaman. He was sentenced to one week's rigorous imprisonment.

ROBBING A BOY OF HIS ORNAMENTS.—Nagoo Rama, a noted character, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing two silver anklets and a gold ear-ring of the collective value of Rs. 8-4 from the person of a boy, named Bhamboo Khundoo. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE BOMBAY SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following cases were prosecuted by the Agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals during the week ending the 29th July:—Horses lame 22, sores on body 2, sore posterns 2; bullocks lame 44, sore neck 42, emaciated 6, unshod 1. Total number of cases 119.

PROFESSOR DORING'S ENTERTAINMENT.—The scientific and amusing performance given nightly at the Gaiety Theatre must be seen to be appreciated. Professor Doring has already shone before distinguished people in Europe and met with universal approbation. Professor Doring shows places and scenes in a few minutes, which would take a man years of travel to see, and he does it all with much truth and reality.

ASSAULTING A POLICE RAMOOSEE.—Duttoo Ramjee and Munjee Sagun were yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of assaulting and resisting a police Ramoosee in the execution of his duty at the Mombadavie tank. The police Ramoosee prevented the prisoners from proceeding to that part of the tank where women were bathing, whereupon the prisoners caught him by the throat and assaulted him with their fists. They were each fined Rs. 15, in default to suffer three weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

PARSI CHARITIES.—At the third day's funeral ceremonies performed yesterday at the Doongerwadi in respect to the memory of Bai Dhunbaijee, late sister of Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Readymoney, the sum of Rs. 3,500 was subscribed for religious and charitable purposes. Of these the sum of Rs. 1,000 was given by Bai Meerbai, mother of the deceased, Rs. 1,000 by Mr. Jehangir C. J. Readymoney, Rs. 1,000 by Mr. Nusserwanjee Jivajee (adopted son of Bai Dhunbaijee), and Rs. 500 by Bai Cooverbai Dhunjeebhoy Mama.

ACCIDENTS.—Dhurmoo Shaik Ahmed, a labourer employed on board the hired transport s.s. Naples, was brought to the G. T. Hospital on Monday night at 11 o'clock. It consisted that whilst on board the ship the unfortunate man sustained fracture of the skull and spine. He is under treatment.—Deendiall Davideen, a purdasee, while under the influence of bhang, got into the Thakoor Dayal temple last evening, and refused to leave the same when pointed out by worshippers. He was severely beaten by them and was conveyed to the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital, where he is under treatment.

A BAD SON.—Framjee Rustomjee was yesterday charged before Mr. W. Webb with assaulting his mother, named Goolbai, at her residence in the Fort. The complainant said that the defendant, her son, was a vagabond and had been bound over some six months ago by a Magistrate to keep the peace for having assaulted her. The defendant came to her house, and because she refused to admit him into the house, he used most abusive and threatening language towards her. He was fined Rs. 50, and further bound over in a sum of Rs. 200 to keep the peace for a period of six months.

A STREET ACCIDENT.—On Monday last Dr. Hormusjee Nusserwanjee Servai was charged before Mr. W. Webb at the Girgaum Police Court, with rash and negligent driving on the 26th July last at the Parell-road, and thereby causing injury to a Hindoo lad named Suddoo Babajee, aged fourteen years. The case was postponed for hearing to the 14th instant, pending the recovery of the injured boy. Yesterday as the boy was reported by the J. J. Hospital authorities to be lying in a precarious state, Mr. P. Ryan, the Third Presidency Magistrate, was asked to take the boy's deposition at the hospital. Suddoo Babajee in his deposition stated that while proceeding from the liquor-shop of his master's on the Parell-road near the three lights to another liquor-shop also belonging to his master, situated on the same road, he was knocked down and run over by a buggy driven by Dr. Hormusjee Nusserwanjee Servai, the left wheel of the buggy passed over the left side of his face and head. He was picked up unconscious and removed to the J. J. Hospital. He did not bear accuse or his coachman cry out *pies*. In his cross-examination he stated that deponent was not fighting on the road with another lad, but that he was alone.

THE GOVERNOR AT THE PARVUTTEE TEMPLE.—On Saturday evening H. E. Sir James Fergusson, accompanied by an Aide-de-Camp and some ladies, visited the Parvuttee Temple, when about thirty rupees were distributed in charity to the poor residents of the Hill.—*Poona Observer.*

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES TO VOLUNTEERS.—We understand that His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will distribute the prizes to the Poona Volunteers, who successfully competed for prizes in their last annual competition. If, however, His Excellency should have to go to Bombay, to superintend the departure of the Indian Contingent to Egypt, it is probable the date for the distribution of prizes will be altered.—*Poona Observer.*

SERIOUS CARRIAGE ACCIDENT AT KARACHI.—All the congregation of St. Andrew's Church, as well as the many other friends of their pastor in Karachi, will be glad to hear of the almost miraculous escape he had from a most severe accident on Sunday last. While driving home from service at Manora, the horse in his carriage bolted, owing to the flies, and Mr. Watson lost all control over him. The carriage was dashed against the culvert wall, in front of the Karachi High Court, with so great violence that it was actually smashed to pieces. Mr. Watson was pitched right over the wall, but luckily, with the exception of a few small scratches, he got off scot-free.—Sind *Civil and Military Gazette.*

ADDITIONAL PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Nizam, Captain R. Harvey, sailed yesterday for London with the European Mails and the following additional passengers:—

FOR LONDON.—Surg.-Major C. M. Douglas.
FOR BRINDISI.—Mr. W. H. Rylands, Miss Rylands, Lieut. T. Pascoi, R. N., Major J. E. Gordon, Major Stewart Mackenzie, and Dr. T. Beaumont.
FOR VENICE.—Mr. D Laidlaw and Mr. W. L. Rawett.

APPEAL AGAINST MUNICIPAL ASSESSMENT.

YESTERDAY at the Fort Police Court in the matter of the appeal of the Manockjee Petit Spinning and Weaving Company against the Municipality of Bombay in regard to the increase of assessment Mr. W. Webb, the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, in addressing Messrs. Lynch and Crawford, the respective solicitors of the parties concerned, said that he had considered the question of referring the case to the High Court for opinion, and he did not know if any sanction could be given by him in the matter. The High Court might refuse to decide the question, and he (the Magistrate) would accordingly suggest that both the solicitors should select the points after consultation with each other and submit them to him for the purpose of being referred to the High Court.

Mr. Crawford said that he and Mr. Lynch agreed to select points and submit them to the Magistrate.

Mr. Lynch said that the correspondence should be set out. The main point that the Municipal Commissioner had no power to increase the assessment in the middle of the year should be considered as final, having been decided by the Magistrate.

Mr. Crawford said that with regard to the costs ordered by the Magistrate to the appellants he presumed that the usual costs were awarded. The section under which the costs had been awarded said that the amount should be determined.

The Magistrate said he would fix the amount now if they wanted it.

Mr. Lynch said if the Magistrate thought it necessary to fix the amount he hoped he would take into consideration the expenses the appellants were put to by the wrongful action of the Municipal Commissioner.

The Magistrate said he would not fix the amount, as he did not consider the matter finally settled.

Mr. Crawford said that the costs allowed in a similar case against the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company were Rs. 75 on the day the counsel attended and Rs. 45 for every other hearing.

The Magistrate accordingly made an order against the Municipality of Rs. 75 for each day the counsel attended, and Rs. 45 for the attendance of the solicitor.

Mr. Crawford thought that the cost of counsel appearing on the day when judgment was given should not be allowed.

Mr. Lynch said it was absolutely necessary for the counsel, who had argued the question, to appear when judgment was to be delivered.

The Magistrate said that the mill owners had been put to a great deal of expense in the matter, and it would be certainly very hard if they were required to pay counsel's fee. The Municipality, the Magistrate said, must pay counsel's fee for every attendance in Court.

HIGH COURT.—AUG. 1.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

THE following short causes were heard before his Lordship:—

HEERJEE HUNSRAJ *vs.* MADHOWJEE VISRAM.

Mr. Wagle, instructed by Messrs. Shapurjee and Thakurdas, appeared for the plaintiff. The suit was brought to recover Rs. 2,550, the balance due on a promissory note executed by the defendant on the 1st March, 1881. His Lordship gave a decree for the plaintiff for the amount claimed, with interest and costs.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE PORT OF BOMBAY *vs.* NURSOO DHURMAJEE.

Mr. Farran, instructed by Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Little for the plaintiffs, said that in January last the defendant leased some land on the Port Trust estate, agreeing to pay Rs. 635 a month, which rent he was to pay under the lease for the first ten years. He had paid the rent for January only, and on the 1st July last, rent for five months was due from him. He had built on the front portion of the ground. His Lordship gave a decree for the plaintiffs for Rs. 3,178-9-11 with interest and costs.

SEWRAJ GUNGAJUR *vs.* DUNCAN MACFADYEN.

Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Gilbert, appeared for the plaintiff. The defendant having absconded from Bombay, substituted service was effected by pasting a copy of the summons at his office in Elphinstone Circle. The firm of Vussonjee Nensey and Company had an account with the defendant as muccadums, which was adjusted with them on the 3rd December,

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SPECIAL NOTICE.
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[redacted]

Bombay, 22nd May, 1882.

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THE COLLECTOR of CUSTOMS, Bombay has recently issued an order that Manifest and other Forms now in use in the Departments should be printed on HOWARD AND JONE'S CREAM WOVE PAPER. Mercantile firms, pass-note writers and shippers are hereby informed that the undermentioned forms, printed at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, will be sold at the Custom House and at the Carnac-bunder. Orders for large numbers should be sent to this office.

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